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**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
Washington, D.C. 20549

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**SCHEDULE 14A**

Proxy Statement Pursuant to Section 14(a) of the  
Securities Exchange Act of 1934  
(Amendment No. )

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Filed by the Registrant

Filed by a party other than the Registrant

Check the appropriate box:

- Preliminary Proxy Statement
- Confidential, for Use of the Commission Only (as permitted by Rule 14a-6(e)(2))**
- Definitive Proxy Statement
- Definitive Additional Materials
- Soliciting Material under §240.14a-12

**Coherus BioSciences, Inc.**

(Name of Registrant as Specified In Its Charter)

(Name of Person(s) Filing Proxy Statement, if Other Than The Registrant)

Payment of Filing Fee (Check the appropriate box):

- No fee required.
  - Fee paid previously with preliminary materials.
  - Fee computed on table in exhibit required by Item 25(b) per Exchange Act Rules 14a-6(i)(1) and 0-11.
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# 43rd Annual J.P. Morgan Healthcare Conference

January 2025

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# Forward Looking Statements



Except for the historical information contained herein, the matters set forth in this presentation are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the “safe harbor” provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including, but not limited to statements about the agreement to sell Coherus’ UDENYCA franchise to Intas Pharmaceuticals Ltd. and related matters, including, but not limited to, the ability to satisfy the closing conditions to consummate the proposed transaction at all or in the estimated time; prospective performance and opportunities with respect to Coherus or the UDENYCA franchise; post-closing operations and the outlook for Coherus or the UDENYCA franchise; the Company’s targets, plans, objectives or goals for future operations, including those related to the UDENYCA franchise, product candidates, research and development, and product candidate approvals; future receipt of sales milestone payments from the proposed transaction to sell the UDENYCA franchise; projections of reductions in future indebtedness; projections of Coherus’ cash runway in the future; statements about the potential uses of proceeds from the transaction to sell the UDENYCA franchise, statements about future clinical events, catalysts and data readouts, statements about growth in sales or revenues and Coherus’ future balance sheet, estimates of market opportunity, market value and treatable patients or cases, statements about sales or revenue ramp, statements about expected 2024 total year and Q4 2024 expected net revenues and sales, and expected 2024 year-end cash, cash equivalents and investments, and the assumptions underlying or relating to such statements. Such forward-looking statements involve substantial risks and uncertainties that could cause Coherus’ actual results, performance or achievements to differ significantly from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Such risks and uncertainties include, among others, uncertainties as to the timing for completion of the proposed transaction to sell the UDENYCA franchise; uncertainties as to the Company’s ability to obtain the approval of its shareholders required to consummate the proposed transaction to sell the UDENYCA franchise; the possibility that competing offers will be made by third parties; uncertainties of receipt of sales milestone payments in the future; the occurrence of any event, change or other circumstance that may give rise to a right of one or both of parties to terminate the asset purchase agreement; the possibility that the proposed transaction to sell the UDENYCA franchise may not be completed in the time frame expected by the Company or at all, including due to the possibility that a governmental entity may prohibit, delay, or refuse to grant approval, if required, for the consummation of the proposed transaction (or only grant approval subject to adverse conditions or limitations); the risk that the proposed transaction disrupts the Company’s current plans and operations or diverts the attention of the Company’s management or employees from ongoing business operations; the risk that the Company may not realize the anticipated benefits of the proposed transaction to sell the UDENYCA franchise in the time frame expected, or at all; the effects of the proposed transaction on relationships with the Company’s employees, suppliers, business or collaboration partners or governmental entities, or other third parties as a result of the proposed transaction; the ability to retain and hire key personnel; significant or unexpected costs, charges or expenses resulting from the proposed transaction; the risks and uncertainties inherent with clinical research and commercialization; the risks and uncertainties of the clinical development and regulatory approval process, including the timing of Coherus’ regulatory filings; the risk that Coherus is unable to complete commercial transactions; risks and uncertainties in executing collaboration agreements and other joint ventures, including particular risks of working with international partners; and the risks and uncertainties of litigation. For a further discussion of these and other factors that could cause the Company’s future results to differ materially from any forward-looking statements see the section entitled “Risk Factors” in the Company’s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2024, filed with the SEC on November 6, 2024, as updated by the Company’s subsequent periodic reports filed with the SEC and, when available, the proxy statement of the Company relating to the proposed transaction to sell the UDENYCA franchise. Any forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this presentation and are made based on the current good faith beliefs and judgments of the Company’s management, and the reader is cautioned not to rely on any forward-looking statements made by the Company. Unless required by law, the Company is not under any duty and undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement to reflect changes in underlying assumptions or factors, of new information, data or methods, future events or other changes. UDENYCA®, UDENYCA® ONBODY™, and LOQTORZI®, whether or not appearing in large print or with the trademark symbol, are trademarks of Coherus, its affiliates, related companies or its licensors or joint venture partners, unless otherwise noted. Trademarks and trade names of other companies appearing in this presentation are, to the knowledge of Coherus, the property of their respective owners.



## **Additional Information and Where to Find It**

In connection with the proposed transaction, the Company expects to file with the SEC a proxy statement on Schedule 14A, and it may also file other documents regarding the proposed transaction with the SEC. Promptly after filing its definitive proxy statement with the SEC, the Company will mail the definitive proxy statement and a proxy card to each stockholder entitled to vote at the special meeting relating to the proposed transaction.

INVESTORS AND SECURITY HOLDERS ARE URGED TO READ CAREFULLY THE PROXY STATEMENT AND OTHER RELEVANT DOCUMENTS FILED OR TO BE FILED WITH THE SEC, AS WELL AS ANY AMENDMENTS OR SUPPLEMENTS THERETO AND ANY DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE THEREIN, IN THEIR ENTIRETY IF AND WHEN THEY BECOME AVAILABLE BECAUSE THEY CONTAIN OR WILL CONTAIN IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT THE PROPOSED TRANSACTION, RELATED MATTERS AND THE PARTIES TO THE PROPOSED TRANSACTION.

You may obtain a free copy of the proxy statement and other relevant documents (if and when they become available) that are or will be filed with the SEC for free at the SEC's website at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov). Copies of the documents filed with the SEC by the Company will be available free of charge on the Company's website at <https://investors.coherus.com/sec-filings> or by contacting the Company's Investor Relations Department at [IR@coherus.com](mailto:IR@coherus.com).

## **Participants in the Solicitation**

The Company and certain of its directors and executive officers and other members of management and employees may be deemed to be participants in the solicitation of proxies in respect of the proposed transaction. Information about the directors and executive officers of the Company, including a description of their direct or indirect interests, by security holdings or otherwise, is set forth in the proxy statement for its 2024 Annual General Meeting, which was filed with the SEC on April 15, 2024 and other documents that may be filed from time to time with the SEC. Other information regarding the participants in the proxy solicitations and a description of their direct and indirect interests in the proposed transaction, by security holdings or otherwise, will be contained in the proxy statement and other relevant materials to be filed with the SEC regarding the proposed transaction when such materials become available.

# Agenda



- ◆ Corporate Overview and Strategy
- ◆ LOQTORZI<sup>®</sup>: Approved, Foundational PD-1
- ◆ Innovative LOQTORZI Combinations
- ◆ Commercial Oncology Opportunity
- ◆ Financial Results and Outlook

# Agenda



- ◆ Corporate Overview and Strategy
- ◆ LOQTORZI<sup>®</sup>: Approved, Foundational PD-1
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### Fully Integrated Model Maximizes Value

#### Leadership

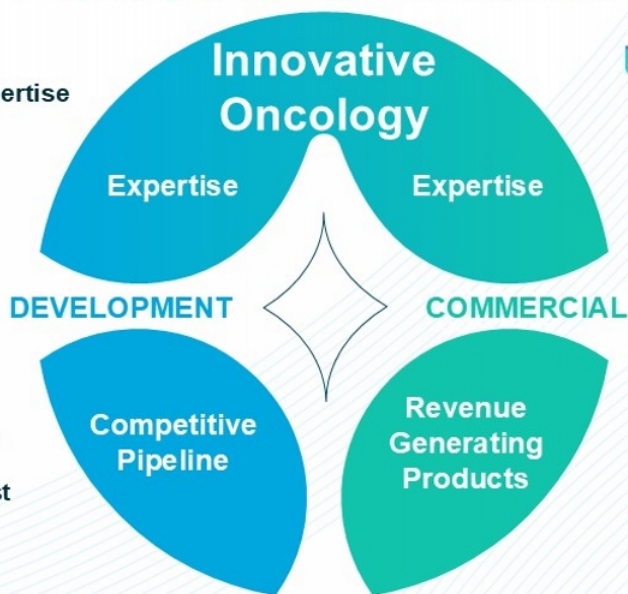
- ◆ Proven drug development expertise
- ◆ Discovery of >30 marketed products

#### Regulatory Success

- ◆ 6 FDA approvals

#### Antibody Pipeline

- ◆ Toripalimab-tpzi (LOQTORZI): next-generation PD-1 inhibitor
- ◆ Casdozokitug: IL-27 antagonist
- ◆ CHS-114: anti-CCR8
- ◆ CHS-1000: anti-ILT4



#### Marketed Drugs

- ◆ 5 product launches
- ◆ Highly experienced team has commercialized 30+ products

# Sharpened Focus on Innovative Oncology

## Biosimilar Divestitures Strengthens Balance Sheet, Funds Pipeline



2024 - 2025

### Strategic Transformation

**~\$800M** ↑ Non-dilutive Capital Raised

Biosimilar Asset Divestitures  
CIMERLI • YUSIMRY • UDENYCA\*

**~\$480M** ↓ Debt Retirement\*

2025 - 2030

### Positioned for Growth and Value Creation

**LOQTORZI.**  
(toripalimab-tpzi)<sub>injection</sub>



- Next-generation PD-1
- Growing sales (NPC)
- Combinations with pipeline (1+1)
- Pipeline differentiated & competitive
- Unmet need
- Value creation
- Clean balance sheet
- Streamlined operations
- 2-year cash runway

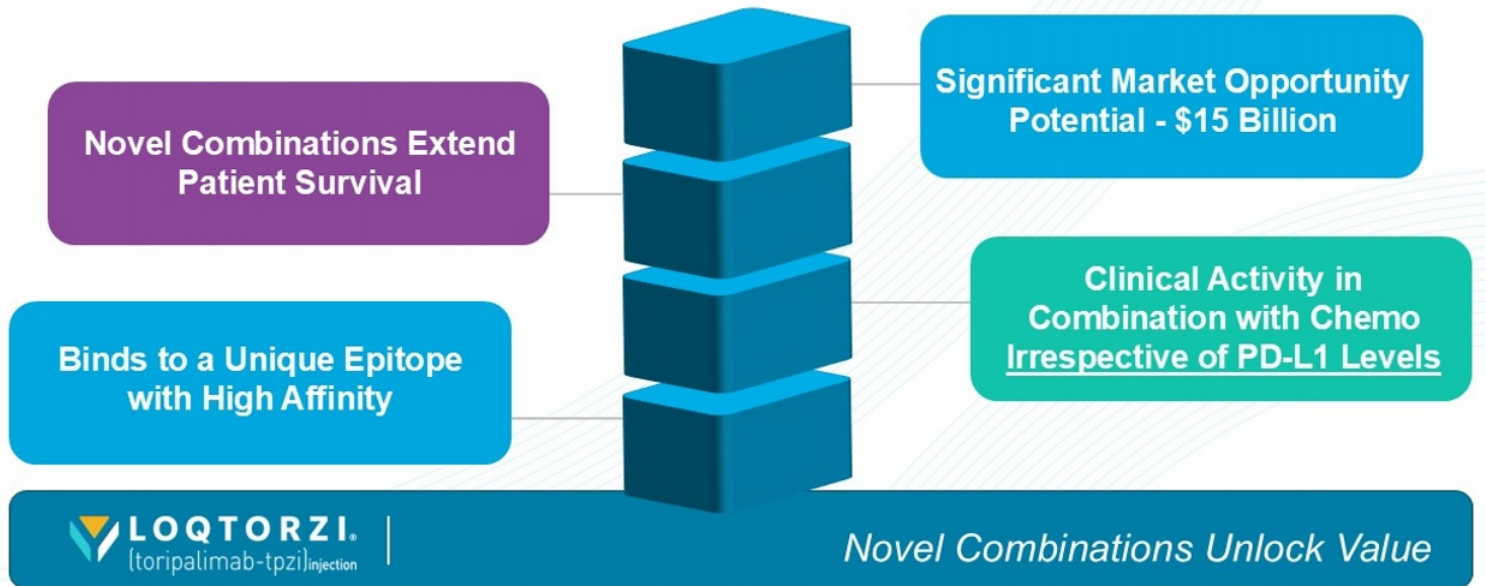
\*Coherus expects to close on the divestiture of its last biosimilar business, the UDENYCA franchise, to Intas Pharmaceuticals Ltd. in Q1 2025 and use a portion of the up to \$483 million up-front cash proceeds to fully repay Coherus' \$230M convertible term loan and buy-out \$49M in royalty obligations related to UDENYCA.



# LOQTORZI: Foundational Building Block for a Diversified Immuno-Oncology Portfolio – Bringing I-O Beyond NPC



An approved PD-1 is a distinct strategic advantage in Immuno-Oncology and is required to be a market leader



\*See slide 7 for indications and product candidates that make up the expected market opportunity

# I-O Pipeline and Lifecycle Access ~\$15B Market Opportunity



Combinations include multiple Coherus assets, multiplying sales potential

Molecule	Setting	US Drug Treatable Cases <sup>1</sup>
Casdozokitug / Toripalimab	<b>1L Advanced HCC</b> (Hepatocellular Carcinoma)	~24K
Casdozokitug / Toripalimab	<b>2L NSCLC</b> (Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer)	~100K
<b>CHS-114 / Toripalimab</b>	<b>2L HNSCC</b> (Non-Nasopharyngeal Head and Neck Squamous Cell Carcinoma)	~15K
<b>CHS-114 / Toripalimab</b>	<b>2L Gastric Cancer</b>	~13K
<b>Toripalimab / BTLA</b>	<b>Limited stage SCLC</b> (Small Cell Lung Cancer)	~5K
<b>Toripalimab / INO-3112</b>	<b>Locally advanced High Risk HNSCC HPV-16/18+<sup>2</sup></b> (Head and Neck Squamous Cell Carcinoma)	~2K

<sup>1</sup>Based on expected drug treated US patient population in 2030. Source: Decision Resources December 2023. <sup>2</sup>Based on locally advanced non-nasopharyngeal carcinoma, 60% HPV+, and 90% with HPV16

# Agenda



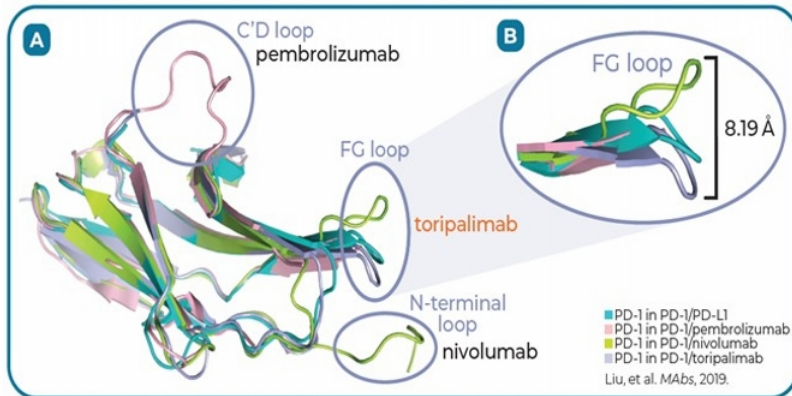
- ◆ Corporate Overview and Strategy
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# Toripalimab's Unique Binding Epitope on PD-1 and Receptor Affinity Translates to Preclinical Differentiation



Toripalimab

## Epitope drives activity



(A) Comparative structural conformations<sup>1</sup> of PD-1 when bound to either native PD-L1 (blue) or various PD-1 targeting monoclonal antibodies (pembro = pink; nivo = green; tori = lilac) with (B) magnification of the PD-1 FG loop.

## ***Toripalimab induces strong T cell activation and inflammatory signature in various *in vitro* and *ex vivo* assays***

Antibody	K <sub>D</sub> (nM)	Epitope
<b>Toripalimab</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>FG loop</b>
<b>Pembrolizumab</b>	<b>7.0</b>	<b>CD loop</b>
<b>Nivolumab</b>	<b>10.5</b>	<b>N-terminus</b>

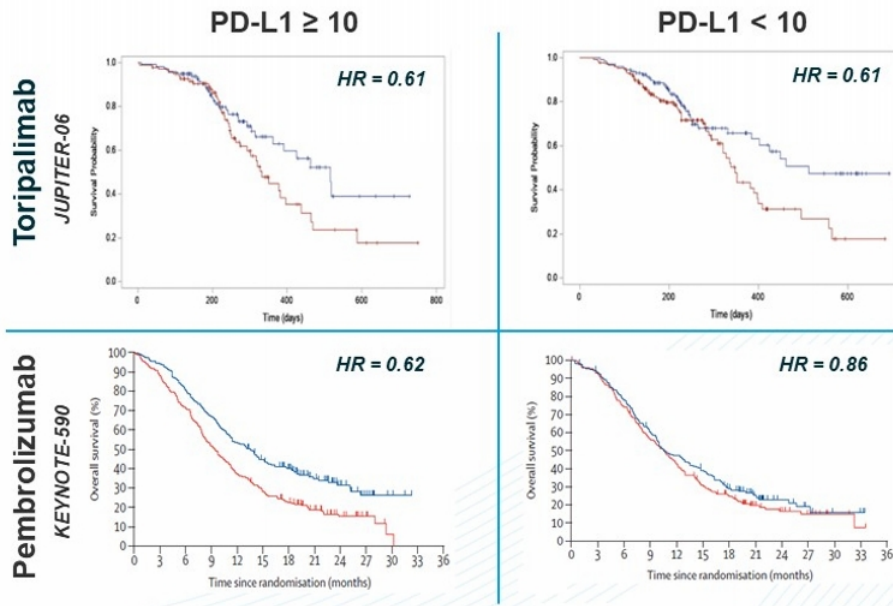
## ***Potent binding affinity for PD-1 (>10x other approved PD-1)***

Rajasekaran, N., Wang, X., Ravindranathan, S. et al. Toripalimab, a therapeutic monoclonal anti-PD-1 antibody with high binding affinity to PD-1 and enhanced potency to activate human T cells. *Cancer Immunol Immunother* 73, 60 (2024).

# JUPITER-06 Toripalimab Data with Chemotherapy In ESCC: Differentiated PD-1 Inhibition Activity for Toripalimab



Toripalimab



*Toripalimab in combination with chemotherapy also demonstrated an improvement in PFS and OS over placebo across all PD-L1 expression levels for NPC and NSCLC trials*

— PD-L1 + chemo  
— Control (placebo + chemo)

Source: Shun Yamamoto, Ken Kabo, JUPITER-06 establishes immune checkpoint inhibitors as essential first-line drugs for the treatment of advanced esophageal squamous cell carcinoma, Cancer Cell, Volume 40, Issue 3, 2022, Pages 238-240, ISSN 1535-0108, <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ccell.2022.02.009>  
Pembrolizumab Jong-Mu Sun, Pembrolizumab plus chemotherapy versus chemotherapy alone for first-line treatment of advanced oesophageal cancer (KEYNOTE-590): A randomized, placebo-controlled phase 3 study. The Lancet, Vol 398, August 28, 2021.

# Despite PD-1's Success, Significant Unmet Need Exists in I-O

*PD-(L)1 Inhibitors Remarkable, But Minority Of Cancer Patients Benefit*



**Minority of patients**  
respond to PD-1 therapy



**Lack of durability**  
from cytotoxic and targeted Rx,  
despite significant ORR



**Toxicity**  
Compromises opportunity for later line  
treatments and decreases Overall Survival

Coherus is focused on combination I-O therapies that can improve response rates and extend durability, without significant additional toxicity

# Competitively-Positioned Immuno-Oncology Pipeline

Combinations include Coherus assets, multiplying value opportunity



Agent		Indication	Combo	Pre-Clinical	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3
 LOQTORZI. (toripalimab-tpzi) injection	Anti-PD-1 monoclonal antibody	1L Nasopharyngeal Carcinoma (NPC)	Gemcitabine/ Cisplatin	U.S. Launch January 2024			
		2L+ NPC	Monotherapy	U.S. Launch January 2024			
Casdozokitug	Anti-IL-27 antagonist monoclonal antibody	Hepatocellular Carcinoma (HCC)	Atezolizumab/ Bevacizumab	Final data to be reported 1Q25			
		1L HCC	Toripalimab/ Bevacizumab	Study Initiated 4Q24			~24K Treatable 1L US Patients
		Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer	Toripalimab	Study Ongoing			~100K Treatable 2L US Patients
CHS-114	Anti-CCR8 cytolytic monoclonal antibody	Solid Tumors including HNSCC	Monotherapy and Toripalimab Combination	Study Ongoing			~15K Treatable 2L US Patients
		2L Gastric Cancers	Toripalimab	Study Initiation 1Q25			~13K Treatable 2L US Patients
CHS-1000	Anti-ILT4 monoclonal antibody	Solid Tumors	Monotherapy and Toripalimab Combination	Planning Stages			

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  - ◆ CHS-114: Anti-CCR8 (Treg depleter)
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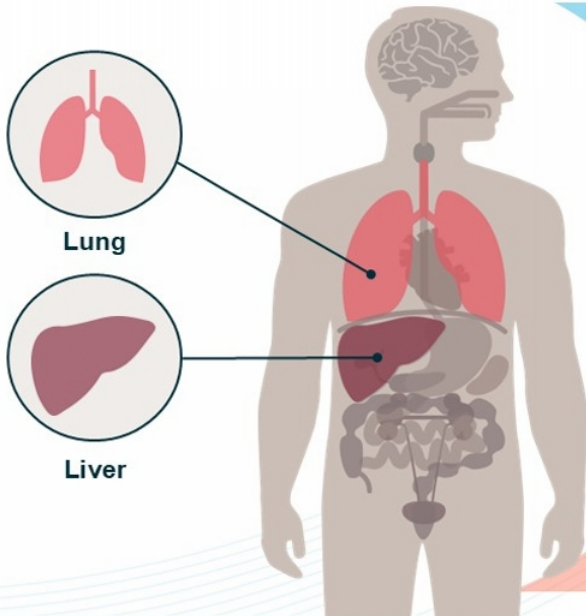


# Casdozokitug: First-In-Class IL-27 Antagonist

*Distinct I-O Mechanism and Activity in Lung and Liver Patients*



Casdozokitug (casdozo, CHS-388): Phase 2 Clinical Stage Program



Immune activation in cancer patients via non-PD-1 MoA



Demonstrated monotherapy durable responses



Acceptable safety profile; no added toxicity in combinations

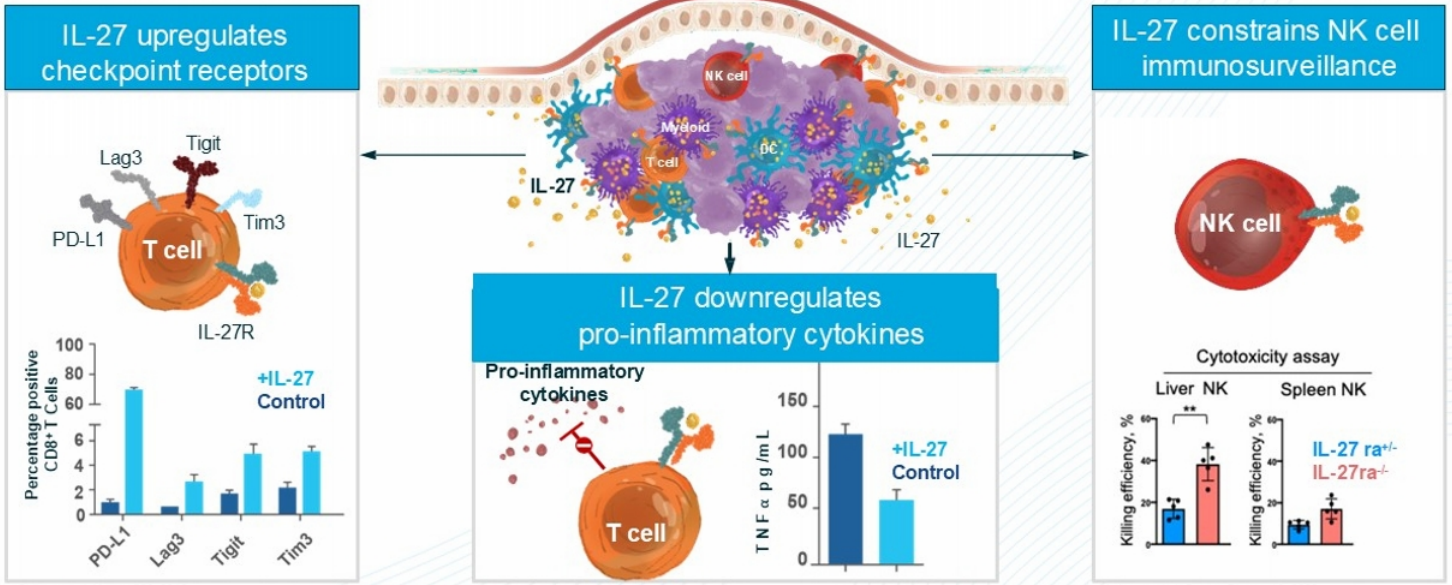


Strong line-of-sight for target indications (HCC, NSCLC)

# IL-27, when Present, Inhibits NK and T Cell Antitumor Response

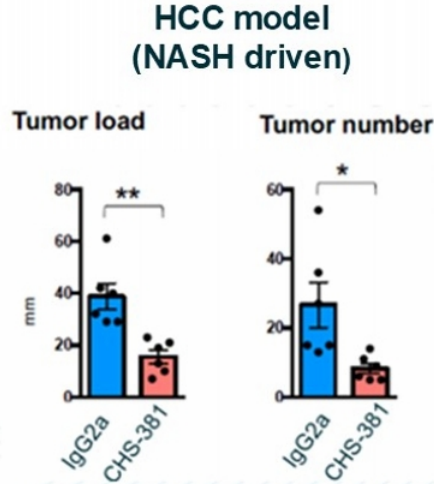
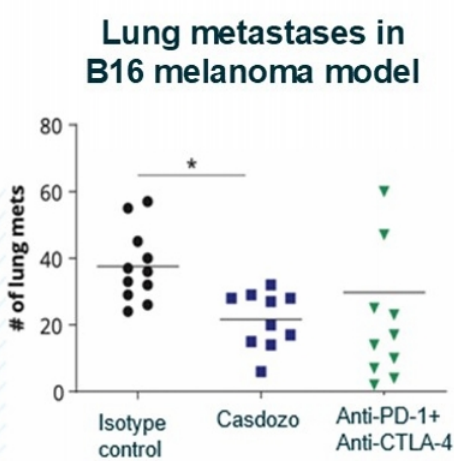


Immunoregulatory Cytokine Modulates Immune Response, Immune Pathology, and Tumor Immune Evasion



**IL-27 Represents A Novel Immune Target That is Complementary to PD-1**

# Treatment with Anti-IL-27 Ab Inhibits Lung and Liver Tumor Growth in Mouse Models: *Barrier Tissue-Specific Activity*



## In Vivo Studies With Casdozo Suggest Tissue-Specific Dependency for Antitumor Activity

In vivo study	Tumor location	Antitumor activity (casdozo Rx)
Multiple SQ syngeneic tumor models	SQ	No activity No acceleration of tumor growth
B16 lung metastasis model	SQ	No activity
	Lung	Antitumor activity
RCC orthotopic model, with lung metastasis	Kidney	No activity
	Lung	Anti-metastatic activity
HCC models (carcinogen, NASH, HEP1-6)	Liver	Antitumor activity

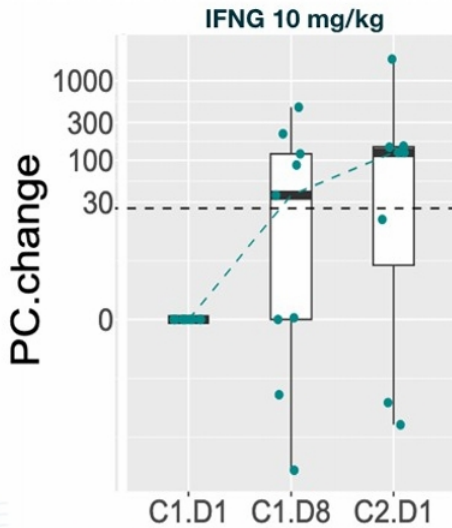
**In Vivo Studies data consistent with IL-27 biology in barrier tissues such as liver and lung**

Aghayev, et al. *Cancer Discovery*. 2022  
Rausch et al. *SITC P727 J Immunother Cancer*. 2020

# Clinical Translation: Casdozo Activates Immune Responses and Completely Inhibits IL-27 Signaling in Cancer Patients at $\geq 10$ mg/kg

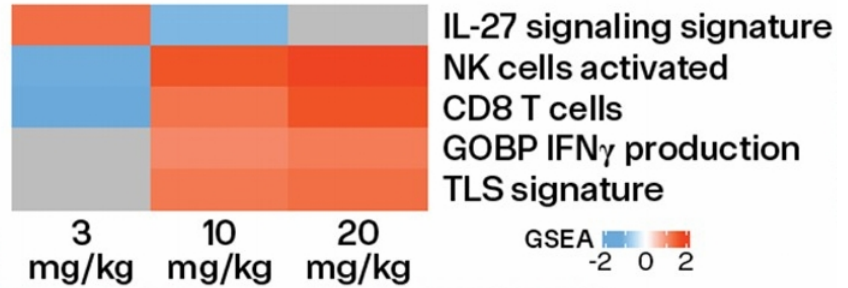


**Casdozo Rx  
Increases serum IFN $\gamma$**



**Casdozo Rx at  $\geq 10$  mg/kg**

- Inhibits IL-27 signaling
- Activates T and NK cells
- Activates tertiary lymphoid structures (PBMC)



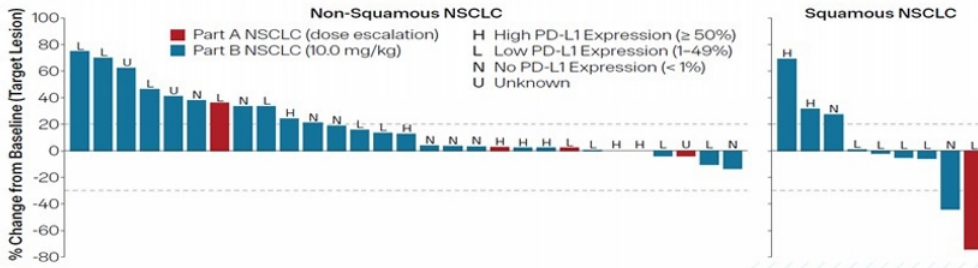
*Phase 1 Clinical Study CHS-388-101*

# Translation to Clinical Efficacy: NSCLC Monotherapy Antitumor Activity



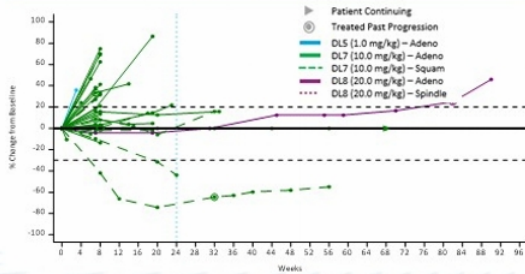
## Two confirmed monotherapy PRs in aPD-(L)1-experienced patients sqNSCLC

### Casdozokitug Single Agent Clinical Activity Observed in NSCLC



- 2 confirmed PRs in PD-L1 negative or low squamous NSCLC, and 1 durable SD in adenocarcinoma
- All 3 previously treated with aPD-(L)1 antibodies
- Responses in 2/3L sq

### Target Lesion Change Over Time (n=38)



Best overall Response, n (%)	Response Evaluable (n=42)
Complete response	0
Confirmed partial response	2 (4.8)
Stable disease	11 (26.2)
Progressive disease	29 (69.0)

- 5% ORR in all evaluable patients

- 22% ORR in RECIST evaluable squamous subset (n=2/9)

Data Cutoff Date: Aug. 27, 2024, subject to change.

# Casdozokitug Demonstrates Combination Activity and Safety

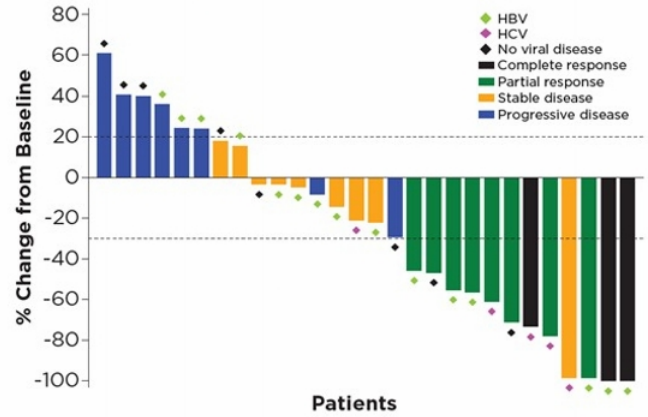


## 1L HCC Interim Results: 11 Durable Obj Responses, Including 3 Complete Responses

- Interim results from ongoing study (data cutoff Nov 9, 2023) – **Final data results ASCO GI 2025**
- >60% of patients with tumor shrinkage on initial scans
- 38% ORR to date in response evaluable set (viral and nonviral patients)
  - 3 Complete Responses, 8\* Partial Responses
- PFS 8.1 mos.
- Safety profile consistent with atezo/bev alone
- Biomarker data show association of response with IL-27 pathway

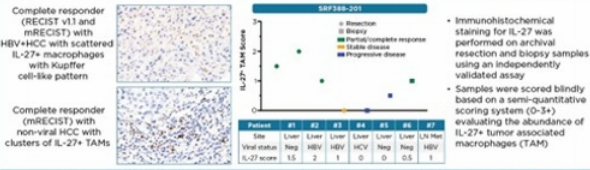
### Casdozokitug/Atezolizumab/Bevacizumab in Hepatocellular Carcinoma (HCC)

Best Percent Change from Baseline in Sum of Target Lesions (n=28)



Data cut as of 09 Nov 2023, subject to change

#### Preliminary Association of Higher Levels of IL-27+ Tumor Associated Macrophages in Archival Tissue Samples With Clinical Response (PR/CR), Small N



Li, Daneng, et al., 2024 ASCO GI Cancers Symposium, Abstract 470; \*Includes 1 patient with an unconfirmed PR at the time of data cut-off

# Study CHS-388-202 in HCC: Dose Optimization/Contribution to Determine RP2D and Obtain Preliminary Efficacy Outcomes



Casdozokit

## Primary Endpoint

- Objective Response Rate (ORR)

## Key Endpoint

- Duration of response (DoR)

## Secondary Endpoints:

### Efficacy

- Progression-free survival (PFS)
- Overall Survival (OS)
- Disease control rate (DCR)

### Safety

- AE/SAE
- AESI

### PK

### Immunogenicity

### Exploratory Endpoints

- Biomarkers

## Stratification Factors

- Geographical region: Asia, excluding Japan, versus the rest of the world
- Macrovascular invasion or extrahepatic spread of disease (presence vs. absence)

## Patient Population

- 1L unresectable/metastatic HCC
- $\geq 1$  measurable lesion
- Not suitable for surgical or local therapy
- Child-Pugh A
- ECOG-PS Score: 0 or 1
- Controlled HBV or Cured HCV

N=72  
R in  
1:1:1

**Arm A:**  
Toripalimab +  
Bevacizumab +  
Casdozo Dose 1

**Arm B:**  
Toripalimab +  
Bevacizumab +  
Casdozo Dose 2

**Arm C:**  
Toripalimab +  
Bevacizumab

*CHS-388-202: FPI targeted for 1Q25 with data readouts in 1H26  
Results will support a go/no go for pivotal study  
Toripalimab P3 HEPATORCH data to support contribution of component  
Casdozo has Orphan Drug Designation in HCC*

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  - ◆ CHS-114: Anti-CCR8 (Treg depleter)
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# CHS-114 is a Highly Selective Anti-CCR8 mAb with the Potential to Augment I-O Therapy Via Depletion of Treg Mediated Tumor Immune Suppression



## CHS-114: Phase 1 Clinical Stage Program



Head & Neck



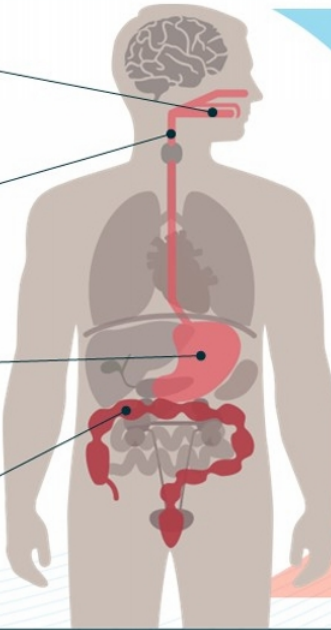
Esophageal



Gastric



Colorectal  
(I-O Desert)



Specifically binds and preferentially depletes CCR8+ tumor Tregs, with no off-target binding



Overcoming Treg immune suppression by recruiting T cells to turn “cold” tumors “hot,” with no added toxicity



Strong line-of-sight for additional target indications



High unmet need in multiple indications including CRC (I-O has not worked historically) and HNSCC (low survival with approved PD-1s)

# CHS-114 Binds Only to CCR8, the Only Selective mAb Known to Date



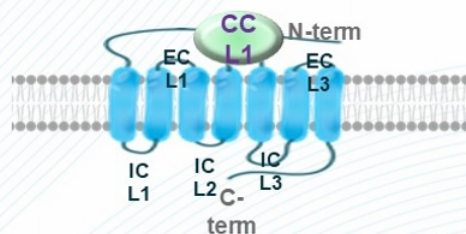
*GPCRs have known issues with mAb Selectivity*

## CCR8 Antibody Screen\*

Selected Antibodies	Number of non-CCR8 Targets Identified
CHS-114	0
mAb2	1
mAb3	8
mAb4	15
mAb5	20
Comparator Antibodies	Non-CCR8, "Off Target" Binding
Comparator 1	ANGPTL7
Comparator 2	J chain
Comparator 3	SEMA4B

**Only ~25% of the receptor is exposed on the cell surface**

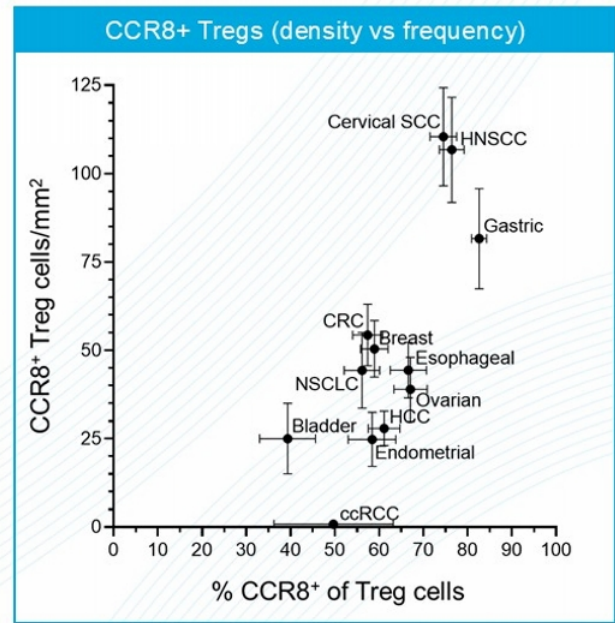
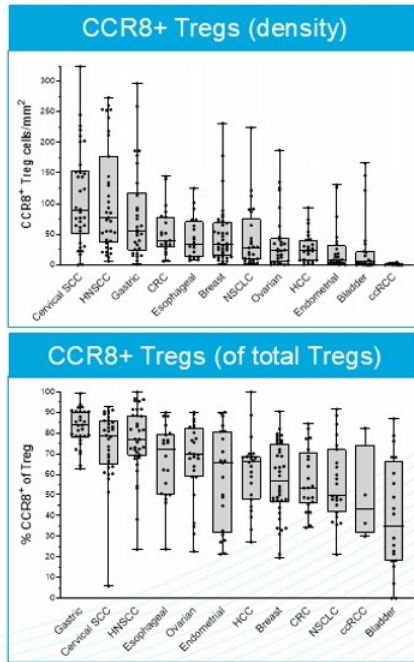
### CCR8



GPCRs are difficult targets for mAbs and commonly have off-target binding

\*Ab specificity profiling using cell microarray to uncover extracellular antibody targets; Assay screens across 5,528 cell surface and secreted proteins using cell microarray technology; 293T cells transfected and fixed prior to binding; IgG antibodies bound to Fc gamma receptors

# CCR8<sup>+</sup> Tregs are Most Abundant in HNSCC, Cervical SCC, and Gastric, but Broadly Expressed in a Number of Solid Tumors, Including Colorectal and Lung



TMA dataset from US Biomax

# CHS-114 Phase 1 Study Design: Head and Neck Cancer

Dose Expansion: 2L+ HNSCC (CHS-114 monotherapy and in combination with toripalimab)



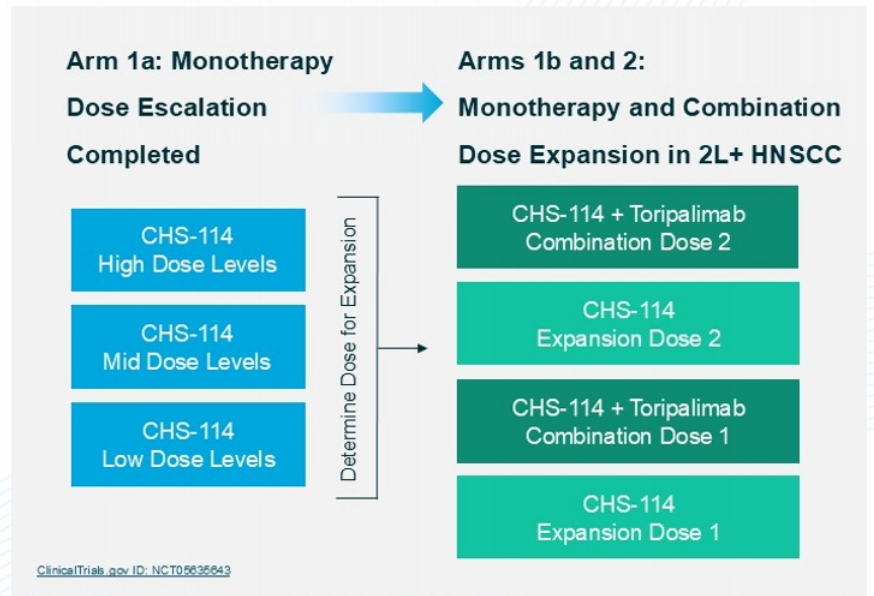
CHS-114

## Primary Endpoint

- Safety and tolerability

## Key Secondary Endpoints

- Pharmacokinetics (PK)
- Objective Response Rate<sup>†</sup> (ORR)
- Additional measures of efficacy including:
  - Duration of response<sup>†</sup> (DoR)
  - Disease control rate<sup>†</sup> (DCR)
  - Progression-free survival<sup>†</sup> (PFS)
- Biomarker Endpoints
  - Treg depletion in tumor



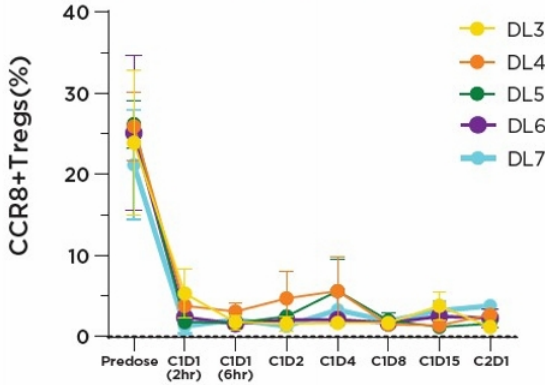
<sup>†</sup>Per RECIST 1.1 based on investigator assessment

# CHS-114 Selectively Depletes CCR8+ Tregs Establishing Proof of Mechanism in Phase 1a Monotherapy Dose Escalation

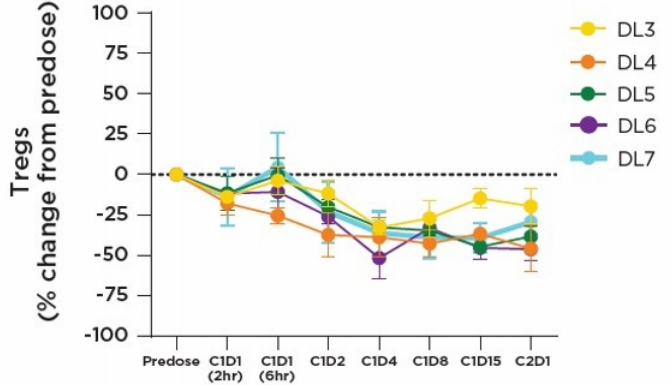


**CHS-114 treatment led to a decrease in subset of total Tregs, while preserving broader Treg population confirming the specificity for CCR8+ Tregs**

**Frequency of CCR8+ Tregs - Complete depletion**



**Percentage decrease total Tregs - Selectivity for CCR8+ Tregs**



Data cut as of 16 April 2024; subject to change

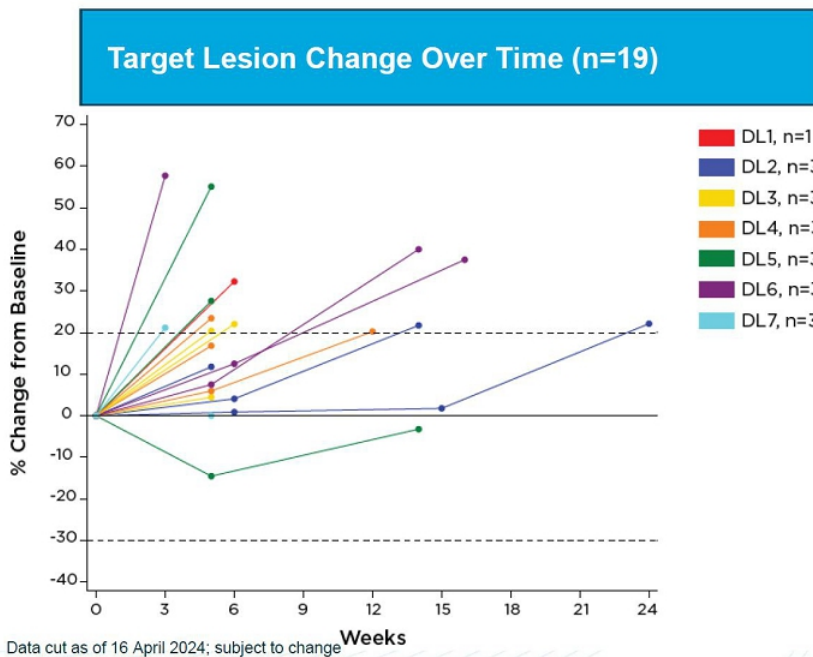
J Clin Oncol 42, 2024 (suppl 16; abstr 2664)

Total frequency of CCR8+ Tregs from baseline (left) and percent decrease of total Tregs (right) was measured in peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMC) by a flow-cytometry assay at DL3-DL7. CCR8+ Treg depletion was stable through cycle 1, with > 85% of CCR8+ Tregs being depleted for all dose levels tested, confirming the proof of mechanism. Additionally, depletion was observed at DL3 (and higher doses), which was lower than predicted dose from in vitro modeling. Furthermore, CHS-114 treatment led to a decrease in subset of total Tregs, while preserving broader Treg population, confirming the specificity of CHS-114 for CCR8+ Tregs. Tregs were defined as CD127low CD25high cells within the CD3+ CD4+ T cell population. Data representative of 3 patients per dose level (n=2-3 samples per timepoint). Error bars = SEM.

# Phase 1a Monotherapy Dose Escalation Response Summary



Highly refractory 2L+ patients showed encouraging disease control



Best Overall Response n (%)	Response Evaluable N = 19
Complete Response	0
Partial Response	0
Stable Disease	9 (47.4%)
Progressive Disease	10 (52.6%)

Disease assessment performed every 9 weeks

*Based on Investigator Assessment  
per RECIST v1.1*

J Clin Oncol 42, 2024 (suppl 16; abstr 2664)

Data cut as of 16 April 2024; subject to change

# CHS-114 Phase 1a Data Establishes Safety, Proof of Mechanism



## Phase 1b Studies in HNSCC and Gastric Cancer to establish Proof of Concept

### Phase 1a Monotherapy Results<sup>1</sup>

### Safety & Proof of Mechanism

CHS-114

- Acceptable safety profile in heavily pretreated patients with advanced solid tumors
- No depletion of CD4+ or CD8+ T cells
- Depletion of peripheral CCR8+ Tregs was observed and CCR8+ Treg depletion was maintained
- Results and safety profile support combination with toripalimab

### Strong Biologic Rationale:

HNSCC and Gastric Cancer Have High Prevalence and Density of CCR8+ Tregs

### Phase 1b Expansion Ongoing - HNSCC

- Two dose levels of CHS-114 with and without toripalimab expansion phase ongoing in 2L+ HNSCC patients
- Initiate Phase 1b CHS-114/toripalimab combination dose optimization study in Q1 2025

### Phase 1b Study Start Q1 '25 - Gastric

- Initiation of Phase 1b CHS-114/toripalimab combination dose optimization study in 2L gastric cancer in Q1 2025

Data Readouts from Phase 1b Studies in HNSCC and Gastric Cancer Expected in Q2 2026

# Agenda



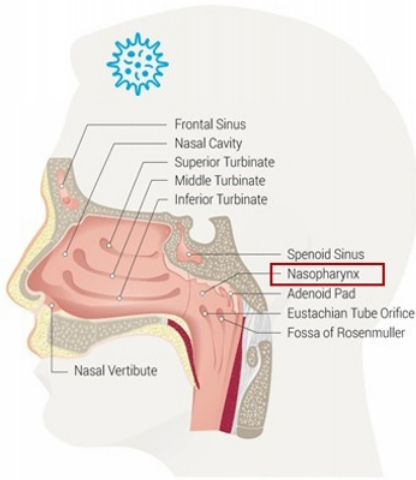
- ◆ Corporate Overview and Strategy
- ◆ LOQTORZI<sup>®</sup>: Approved, Foundational PD-1
- ◆ Innovative LOQTORZI Combinations
- ◆ **Commercial Oncology Opportunity**
- ◆ Financial Results and Outlook



# LOQTORZI®: Establishing a New Standard of Care in NPC



Only FDA-Approved Treatment for Nasopharyngeal Carcinoma\* in All Lines of Therapy



**Only I-O treatment with Preferred Category 1 designation under NCCN\*** in combination with gemcitabine and cisplatin

**Only Preferred NCCN regimen in 2nd Line treatment and later**

**Establishing position in rare indication with less competition**  
Strong Clinical evidence (PFS and OS data)

**LOQTORZI treatment patient segments**

 **≈ 2,000**

 **NPC market valued at \$150-200M**

LOQTORZI (toripalimab-tpzi) is indicated in combination with cisplatin and gemcitabine, for the first-line treatment of adults with metastatic or with recurrent, locally advanced nasopharyngeal carcinoma (NPC) and as a single agent, for the treatment of adults with recurrent unresectable or metastatic NPC with disease progression on or after a platinum-containing chemotherapy.

\*NCCN Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (NCCN Guidelines®): Head and Neck Cancers, Version 1.2025 — November 26, 2024

# Recently Revised NCCN NPC Guidelines Clearly Establishes LOQTORZI® as the Only PREFERRED Regimen for NPC Patients



National  
Comprehensive  
Cancer  
Network®

**NCCN Guidelines Version 1.2025**  
**Cancer of the Nasopharynx**

NCCN Guidelines Index  
Table of Contents  
Discussion

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SYSTEMIC THERAPY FOR NASOPHARYNGEAL CANCERS<sup>a</sup>

**• The choice of systemic therapy should be individualized based on patient characteristics (eg, PS, goals of therapy)**  
**• Use NGS profiling and other appropriate biomarker testing to test for at least CPS and TMB prior to treatment. (category 2B)**

**Induction<sup>b</sup>/Sequential Systemic Therapy**

**Preferred Regimens**

- Gemcitabine/cisplatin (category 1 for EBV-associated disease, category 2A for non-EBV-associated disease)<sup>1</sup>
- Docetaxel/cisplatin/5-FU (dose-adjusted) (category 1 for EBV-associated disease, category 2A for non-EBV-associated disease)<sup>2,4</sup>

**Other Recommended Regimens**

- Cisplatin/5-FU<sup>5</sup>
- Docetaxel/cisplatin (category 2B)<sup>6</sup>
- Following induction, agents used, with concurrent systemic therapy/RT typically include weekly cisplatin<sup>1</sup> or carboplatin.

**Useful in Certain Circumstances**

- For M1 oligometastatic disease (PS 0–1), maintenance capecitabine without concurrent RT following induction chemotherapy is an option.<sup>9</sup>

**Systemic Therapy/RT Followed by Adjuvant Chemotherapy**

**Preferred Regimens**

- Cisplatin + RT followed by cisplatin/5-FU<sup>7,10</sup>

**Other Recommended Regimens**

- Cisplatin + RT followed by carboplatin/5-FU<sup>11</sup>
- Cisplatin + RT without adjuvant chemotherapy.<sup>6,12</sup>

**Useful in Certain Circumstances**

- If cisplatin ineligible or intolerant, carboplatin may be used as an alternative:<sup>13</sup>
- Carboplatin + RT followed by carboplatin/5-FU<sup>13</sup>
- Cisplatin + RT followed by capecitabine ± induction chemotherapy<sup>d</sup> (for EBV-associated disease) (for T4,N1–3 or any T,N2–3)<sup>14,15</sup>

**Reirradiation + Concurrent Systemic Therapy**

- Platinum-based regimens (eg, cisplatin, or carboplatin only if cisplatin ineligible/intolerant)<sup>16,17</sup>

<sup>a</sup> The recommendations are based on clinical trial data for those with EBV-associated nasopharynx cancer.  
<sup>b</sup> The categories of evidence and consensus for induction therapy vary depending on site (see disease-specific site in the Head and Neck Table of Contents).  
<sup>c</sup> Use of cisplatin + RT without adjuvant chemotherapy is a category 2B recommendation for stage T3,N1–3,M0 or T4,N0–3,M0 or T0 (EBV+)–2,N2–3,M0 disease; it is a category 2A recommendation for all other stages when indicated.  
<sup>d</sup> In a randomized phase 3 trial, 77% of patients who received metronomic capecitabine received induction chemotherapy prior to cisplatin/RT (Chen YP, et al. Lancet 2021;396:303–313).  
<sup>e</sup> If not previously used, these regimens may be considered in subsequent-line therapy as other recommended regimens.

**Recurrent, Unresectable, Oligometastatic, or Metastatic Disease (with no surgery or RT option)**

**Preferred Regimens**

**First-Line<sup>a</sup>**

- Cisplatin/gemcitabine + toripalimab-tpzi (category 1)<sup>18</sup>

**Subsequent-Line**

- Toripalimab-tpzi (if disease progression on or after platinum-containing therapy)<sup>19</sup>

**Other Recommended Regimens**

**First-Line<sup>a</sup>**

- Combination Therapy
- Cisplatin/gemcitabine (category 1)<sup>20,21</sup>
- Cisplatin/gemcitabine + tislelizumab-ssr<sup>22</sup> (category 2B)
- Cisplatin/gemcitabine + other PD-1 inhibitor (eg, pembrolizumab or nivolumab)<sup>18,23,24</sup>
- Cisplatin/5-FU<sup>25,26</sup>
- Cisplatin or carboplatin/ docetaxel<sup>7</sup> or paclitaxel<sup>25</sup>
- Carboplatin/cetuximab<sup>28</sup>
- Gemcitabine/carboplatin<sup>1</sup>

**Single Agents**

- Cisplatin<sup>29,30</sup>
- Carboplatin<sup>31</sup>
- Paclitaxel<sup>32</sup>
- Docetaxel<sup>33,34</sup>
- 5-FU<sup>30</sup>
- Methotrexate<sup>26,35</sup>
- Gemcitabine<sup>36</sup>
- Capecitabine<sup>37</sup>

**Useful in Certain Circumstances**

**Subsequent-Line**

- Pembrolizumab (for tumor mutational burden-high [TMB-H] tumors [≥10 mut/Mb])<sup>32</sup>

**Immunotherapy**

- Nivolumab if previously treated, recurrent or metastatic non-keratinizing disease (category 2B)<sup>38,39</sup>
- Pembrolizumab if previously treated, PD-L1-positive, recurrent or metastatic disease (category 2B)<sup>40</sup>
- Tislelizumab-ssr<sup>41</sup> (category 2B)

Note: All recommendations are category 2A unless otherwise indicated.

**References**  
NASO-B  
1 OF 3

## Commercial Impact: Opportunity to Accelerate Ramp to Peak Sales

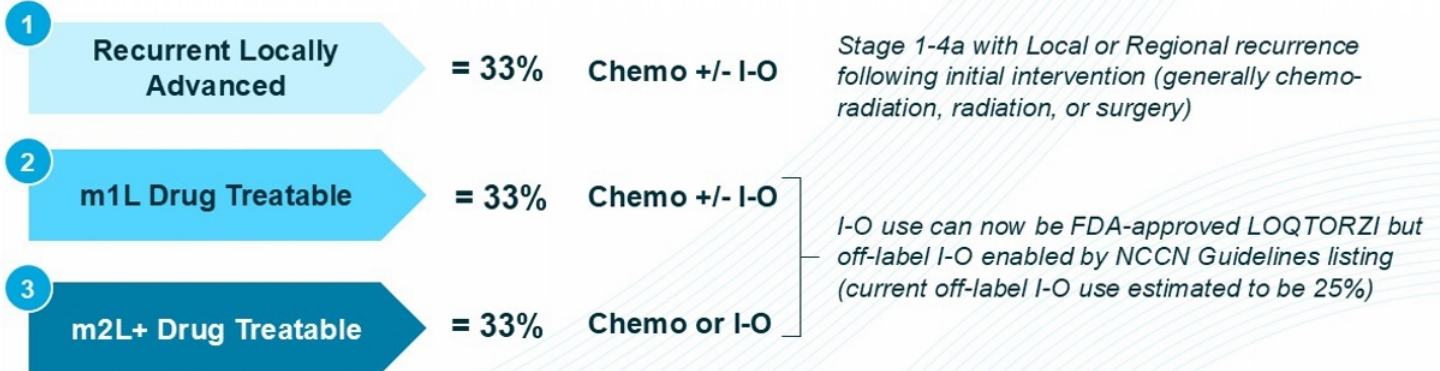
- Updated promotional materials to drive rapid & broad awareness of the NCCN guidelines update, including:
  - Leverage new guidelines to implement changes that have longer timelines
  - Drive revisions to Institution NPC pathway and treatment plans

# ~2,000 LOQTORZI® Treatment Eligible Patients Annually Across Three Patient Segments



LOQTORZI Treatment Patient Segments = ~2,000

Typical NPC Patient Treatment



NPC market valued at \$150-\$200M

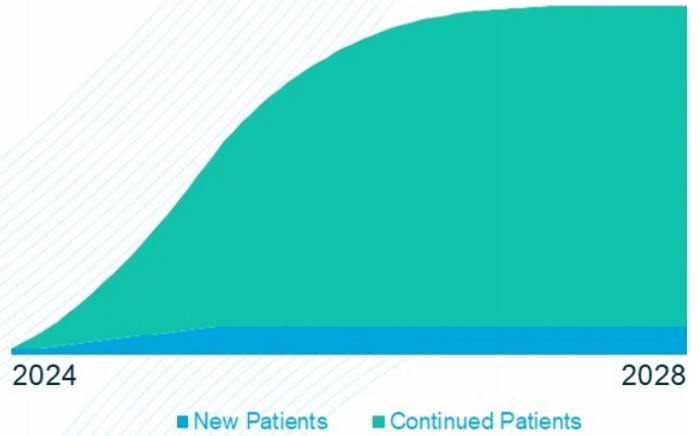
Source: Historical data from DRG: Squamous Cell Carcinoma of the Head and Neck-Epidemiology-Mature-Markets-All-Populations-Geographic-Summary & Internal Assumptions on patient growth driven by improved treatment options

# Long-Term LOQTORZI® Revenue Ramp Driven by Accessing Early-Line Patients Who have Longer Duration of Treatment

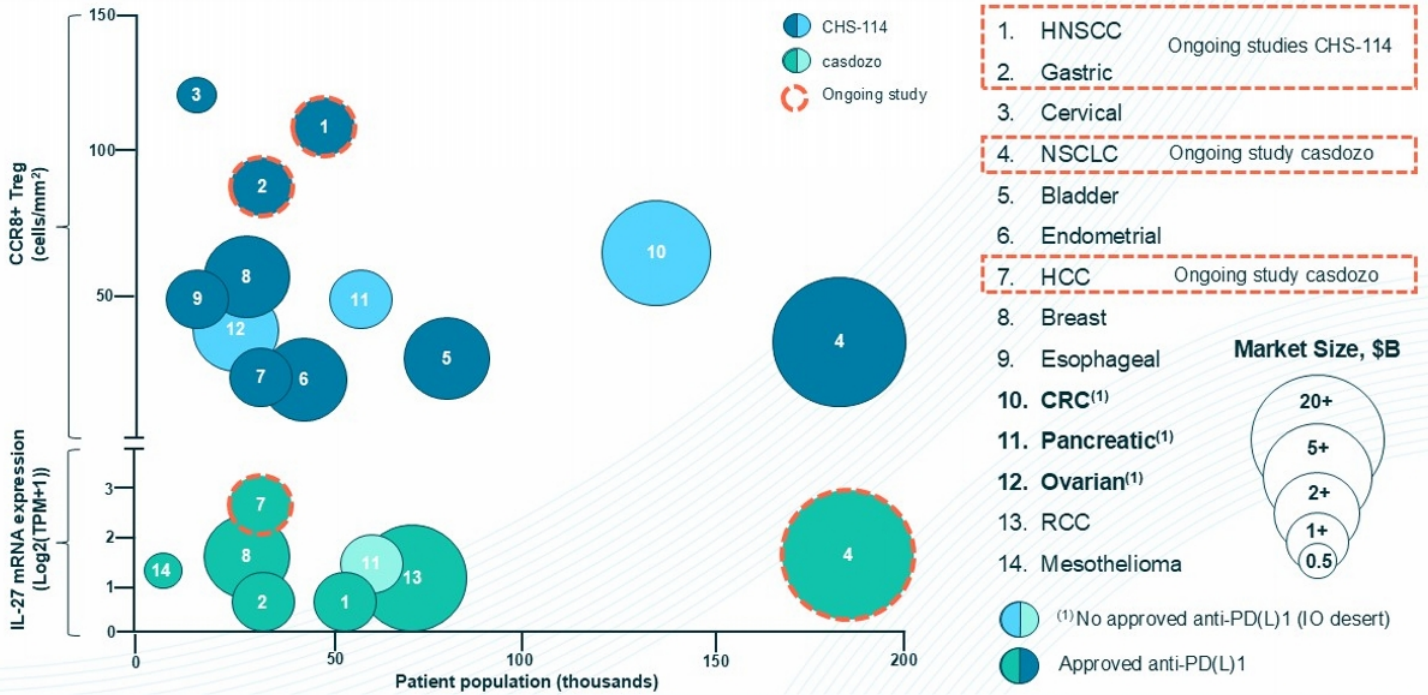


Segment	Revenue Impact	Duration of LOQ Use
Locally Advanced/Regional Recurrent	HIGH	LONGEST
m1L Drug Treatable	HIGH	LONGEST
m2L+ Drug Treatable	LOWER	SHORTEST

ILLUSTRATIVE Revenue Ramp



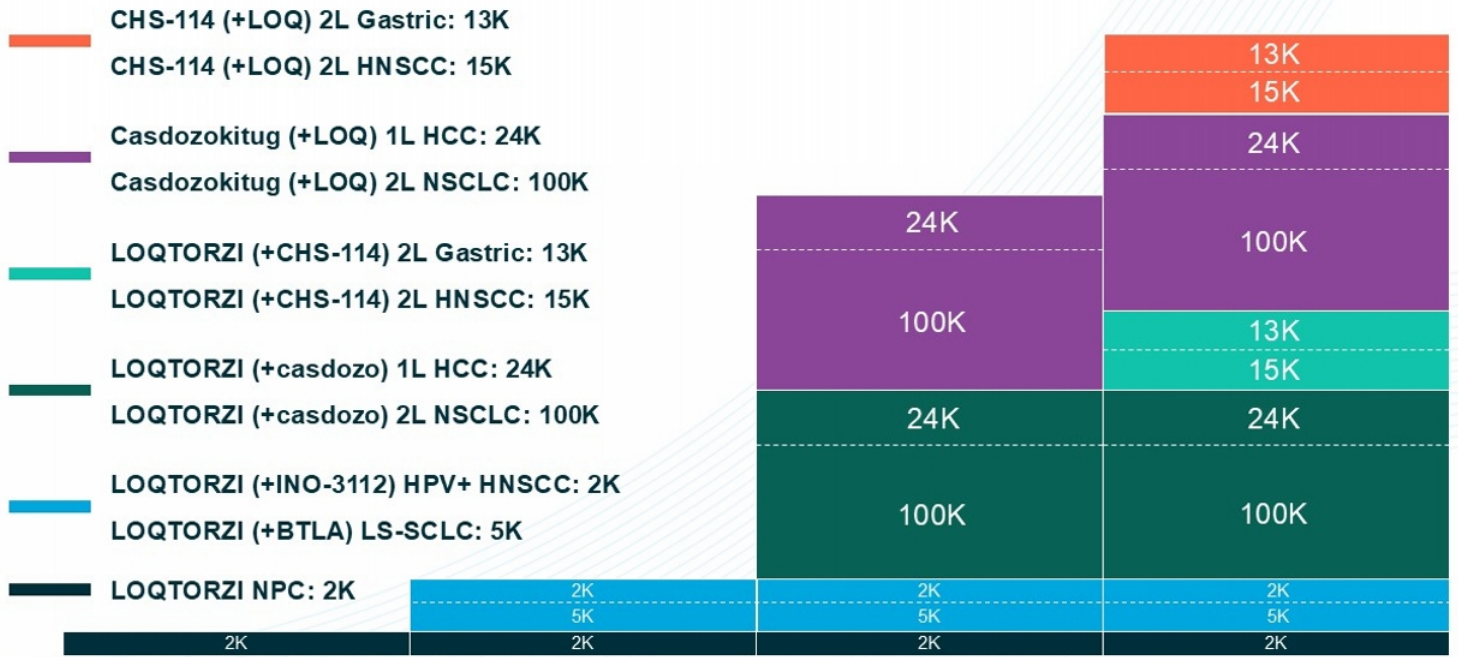
# I-O Portfolio has Broad Market Potential, Including I-O Treatment Deserts



# Toripalimab Represents an Indication Value Multiplier with Combinations



Pipeline molecules and lifecycle access ~\$15B of market opportunity in the U.S. alone



# Agenda



- ◆ Corporate Overview and Strategy
- ◆ LOQTORZI: Approved, Foundational PD-1
- ◆ Innovative LOQTORZI Combinations
- ◆ Commercial Oncology Opportunity
- ◆ Financial Results and Outlook

# 2024 Preliminary Revenues and Cash



2024 Total Year  
Expected Net  
Revenues

**\$255M-  
\$260M**

**\$49M-\$54M**

Q4 expected  
net revenues

## UDENYCA

Expected sales of **\$42M-\$47M**  
signaling strength of demand following  
temporary supply interruption

OBI and strong pricing continue  
to differentiate the franchise and  
**drive net revenues**

## LOQTORZI

Expected sales of **\$7M-\$8M**,  
with consecutive QoQ **growth**  
**exceeding 20%** since launch  
in Q1

Cash, Cash  
Equivalents &  
Investments

Year-end cash, cash  
equivalents and  
investments expected  
to be reported at

**~\$125M**

Following expected divestiture of the  
UDENYCA® Franchise for up to

**\$558.4M**

proceeds will be used to repay the  
entirety of the company's \$230 million  
convertible notes due April 2026

Current post-close  
cash runway projections  
**exceed two years**,  
past key data readouts  
expected in 2026

The preliminary 2024 financial information presented herein has not been audited and is subject to change. The complete Coherus Fourth Quarter and Full Year 2024 Financial Results are planned for release in March 2025. The closing of all the proposed transactions, including the divestiture of the UDENYCA® Franchise and repayment of the entirety of the company's \$230 million convertible notes due April 2026, are subject to various conditions, including customary closing conditions, approval by Coherus shareholders, expiration or termination of the applicable waiting period under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976, any required approval by the Committee on Foreign Investment in the United States (CFIUS) as well as certain other conditions.





## Casdozokitug (IL-27)

Phase 2 randomized trial of casdozokitug/toripalimab/bevacizumab in first-line (1L) HCC initiated Q4 2024

2H'24

\* Final data from Phase 2 trial of casdozokitug/atezolizumab/bevacizumab in 1L HCC in Q1 2025 at ASCO GI

1H'25

\* Report data from Phase 1 study of casdozokitug/toripalimab in second to fourth line (2-4L) NSCLC in 1H 2025

\* Data readouts from Phase 2 randomized trial of casdozokitug/toripalimab /bevacizumab in first-line (1L) HCC in 1H 2026

2026

## CHS-114 (CCR8)

Initiate a Phase 1b CHS-114/toripalimab combination dose optimization study in 2L gastric cancer in Q1 2025

Initiate a Phase 1b CHS-114/toripalimab combination dose optimization study in 2L HNSCC in Q1 2025

\* Report Phase 1 CHS-114 monotherapy biopsy data in head and neck squamous cell carcinoma (HNSCC) in 1H 2025

\* Report CHS-114/toripalimab combination safety data in head and neck squamous cell carcinoma (HNSCC) in 1H 2025

\* First data readouts from Phase 1b CHS-114/toripalimab combination studies in 2L gastric cancer and 2L HNSCC expected in Q2 2026

# Fully Integrated, Commercial Stage Innovative Oncology Company



Retain full value of pipeline in the US; Capture Ex-US Value via Partners

Fully Integrated Business Model Maximizes Value



- Commercial Product
- Growing Revenue



- Clean balance sheet
- Streamlined operations
- 2-year cash runway



Agent	Indication	Control	Pre-Clinical	Phase 1	Phase 2
<b>LOQTORZI</b> (toripalimab-tpzi) injection	Anti-PD-1 monoclonal antibody 1L Neuroendocrine Carcinoma (NEC) 2L NPC	Controlled Checkpoint Monotherapy			U.S. Launch January 2024
<b>Casdozokitug</b>	Anti-S, T2 epigenetic monoclonal antibody	Hepatocellular Carcinoma (HCC) 1L HCC Non-Squid Cell Lung Cancer			Final data to be reported Q25 Study Initiated Q24
<b>CHS-114</b>	Anti-CCR8 epigenetic monoclonal antibody	Solid Tumors Including HNSCC 2L Gastric Cancers			Study Initiation Q23
<b>CHS-1000</b>	Anti-S, T4 monoclonal antibody	Solid Tumors			Planning Stages

- Global Pivotal Trials
- Territory Monetization
- Development Cost Sharing



# Thank You / Q&A

